



Developing a “One Size Fits Most” Library Instruction Assessment Tool

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Instruction Assessment at Chicago

- Limited assessment of library instruction programs
 - Focused on instruction statistics (number of sessions, students, etc.)
 - No standard assessment tool
 - Evaluations focused on our teaching rather than learning outcomes



New Program, New Possibilities



- In 2009, Library Board members from the Departments of History and Anthropology expressed interest in integrating Library instruction programs into their courses
- The Library submitted a proposal to the Board for a pilot instruction program, which included a commitment to assess our efforts

Developing a New Assessment Tool

- Our criteria for the instrument:
 - Outcomes-based
 - Quick and easy to complete
 - Can be distributed in paper or online
 - Reusable (in other sessions)
 - Easy to tabulate results



Our First Attempt

- Pre- and post-test matrix (to measure learning outcomes)
- Two open-ended questions (to measure student perceptions)
- Open comments (for everything else)

Task	Library Resource			
	<i>Lens</i>	<i>WorldCat</i>	<i>Indexes</i>	<i>Full-Text Databases</i>
Use to identify books owned by the Library				
Use to identify books at other libraries				
Allows for Boolean searching (AND OR NOT)				
Use to find articles from academic journals				
Allows for searching using controlled vocabulary				
Includes <i>Find It!</i> icons				
Uses relevancy ranking				
Provides call numbers for books				
Use to determine if the Library owns a journal, newspaper or magazine				

Evaluating the Instrument

■ Successes:

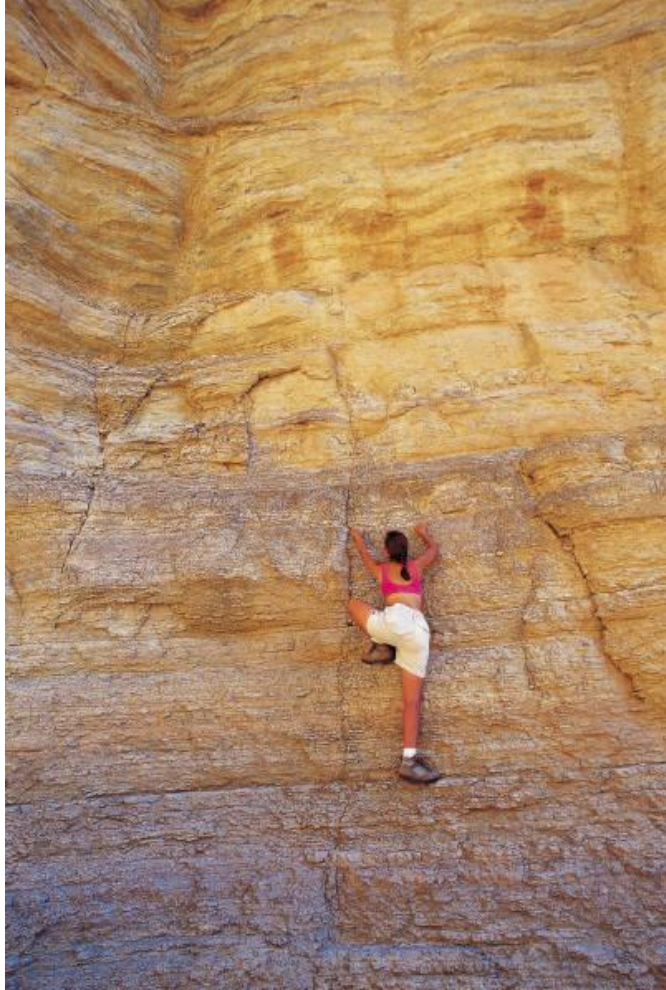
- High return rate
- Easy to tabulate
- Engaged students in the instruction session
- Great comments



■ Failures:

- Unclear terminology (too much library-speak)
- Mixing catalogs and article databases confused students about the purpose of each research tool
- Did not measure some key research skills, such as search techniques or reading a citation

Try, Try Again...



- Complete revision of the instrument
- Grouped questions about catalogs and article databases/indexes
 - Compare catalogs: Lens, Library Catalog, and WorldCat
 - Compare article databases: JSTOR and key subject index
- Added three multiple-choice questions about key research skills
 - Reading a citation
 - Boolean searching
 - Truncation

BEFORE the Library presentation, please fill out this side.

1. Which Library research tool lets you (select all that apply):	Lens	Library Catalog	WorldCat
Search in non-roman languages			
Search tables of contents, summaries, and reviews of books			
Search for phrases			
Ranks by relevancy			
Find items in other library collections			
Find the call number and availability of books			
Request items via interlibrary loan			
View Library collections alphabetically by title, author, or subject			
Limit your search to reference collections			

2. Which Library research tool is best for (select one):	Full-Text Databases (JSTOR)	Indexes (Historical Abstracts, America: History & Life, etc.)
Finding book chapters, essays, and dissertations		
Searching for specific keywords in the text of an article		
Searching using subject terms/descriptors		
Finding articles from older journals		
Finding recently published works		
Finding articles from journals that are not online		

3. In the bibliography of a book you're reading, you find the following citation:

Walton, John K. "The Demand for Working-Class Seaside Holidays in Victorian England." *Economic History Review* 34, no. 2 (May 1981): 249-265.

What piece of information from the citation would you need to enter in the Library Catalog or Lens to find this article?

- Demand for Working-Class Seaside Holidays in Victorian England
- Walton, John K
- Economic History Review
- Walton 1981

4. If you are searching in an index and find a citation for an article, how do you determine if the article is available online?

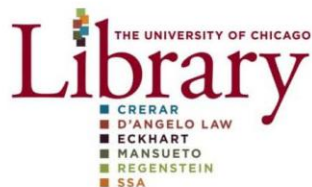
- Look for the "Full-text" or "PDF" link in the record
- Click on the "Find It!" icon in the record
- Search the E-Journals database for the journal name
- Search Lens for the journal name
- All of the above

5. Which of these keyword searches should retrieve the most results in an index or full-text database?

- Myanmar AND Burma
- Myanmar NOT Burma
- Myanmar OR Burma

6. Which search would retrieve the most results?

- Immigrant*
- Immigra*
- Immigrant OR Immigration



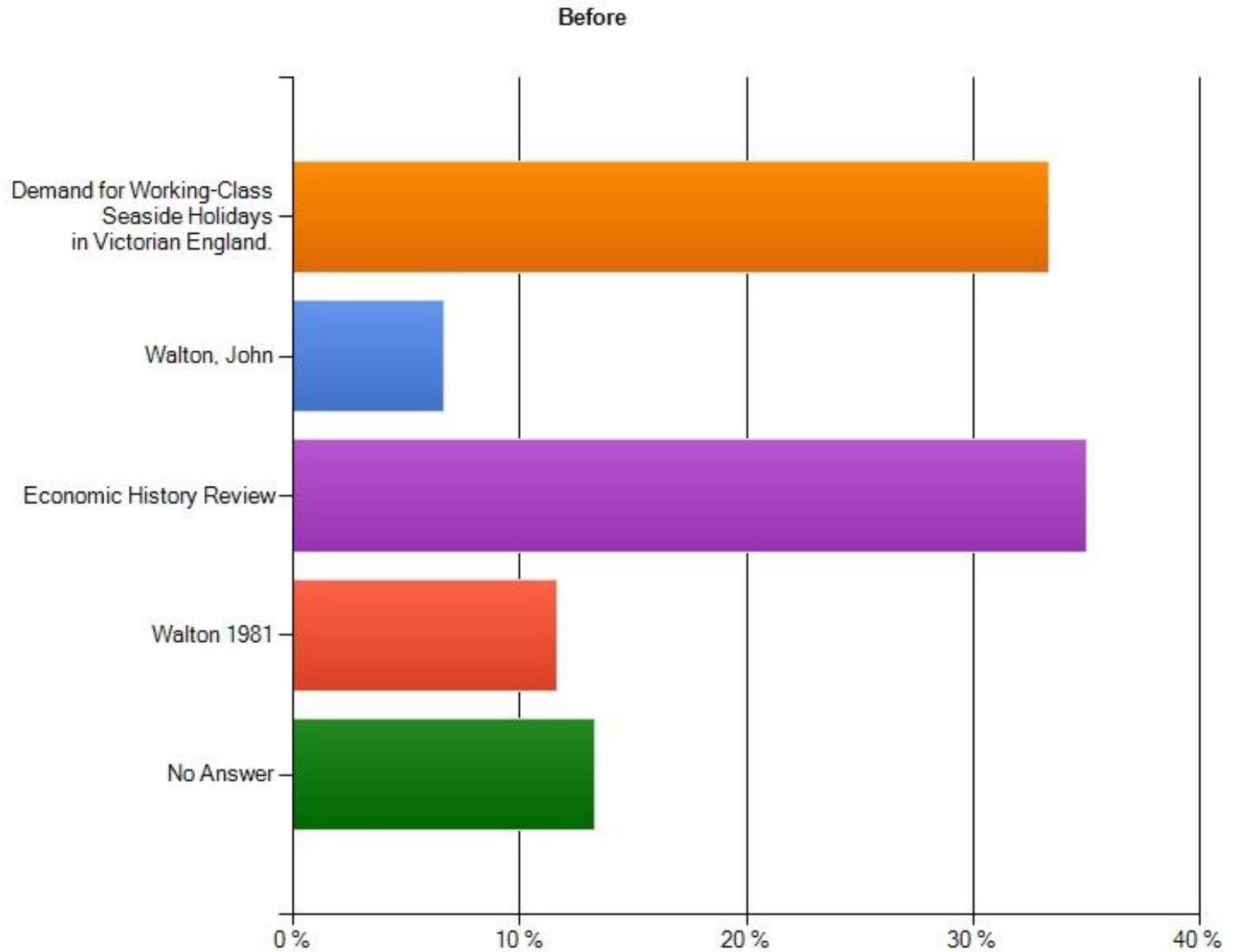
Assessment Findings

- Sample Question:

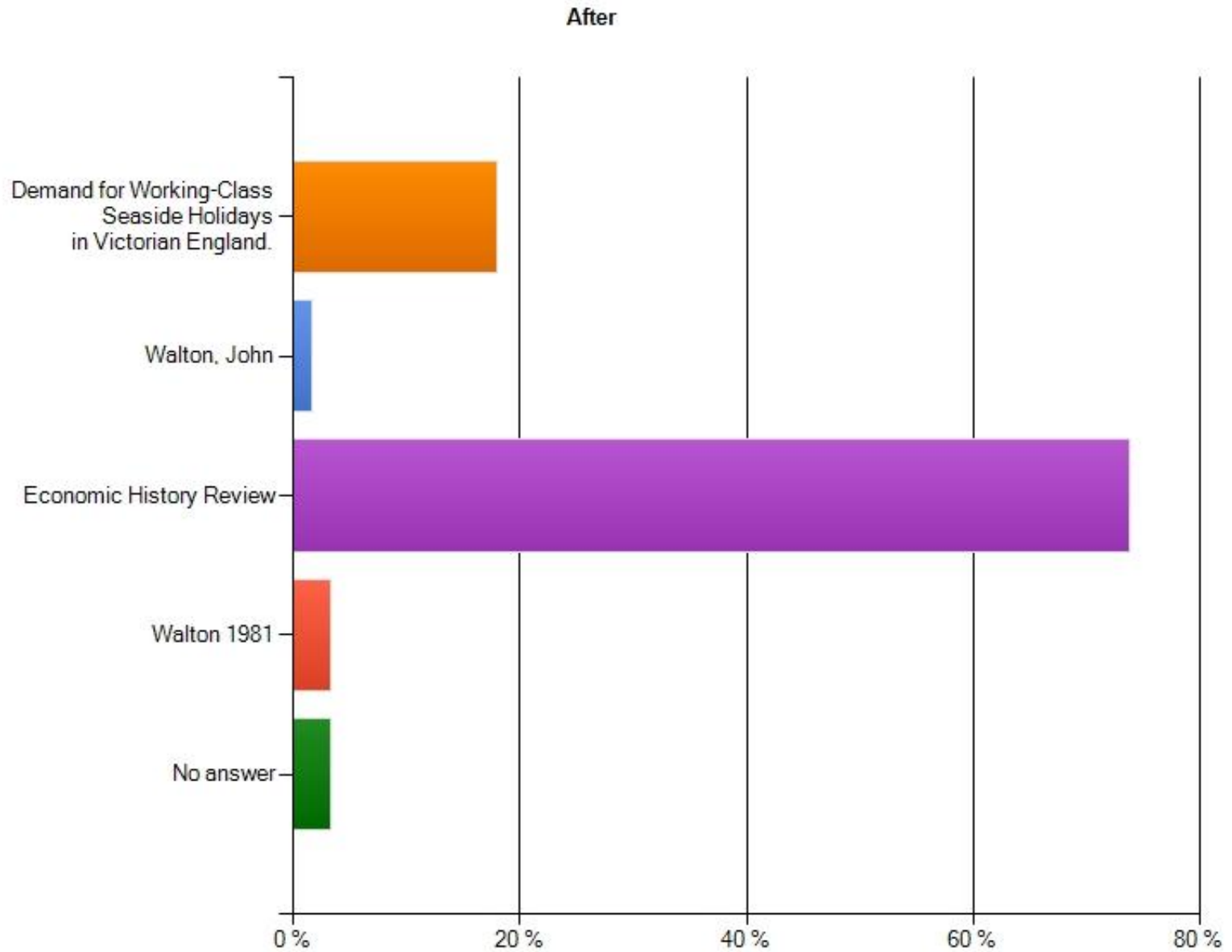
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Before the Session

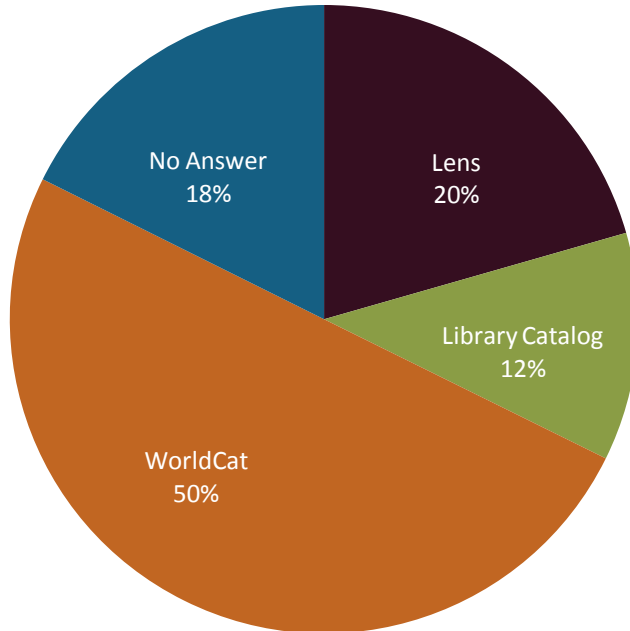


After the Session

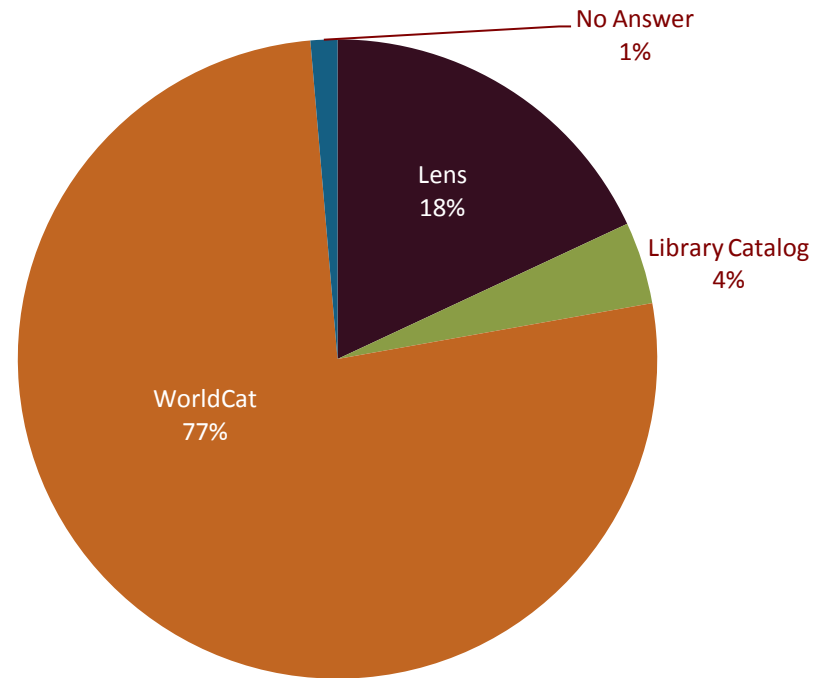


Which Library research tool lets you find items in other library collections?

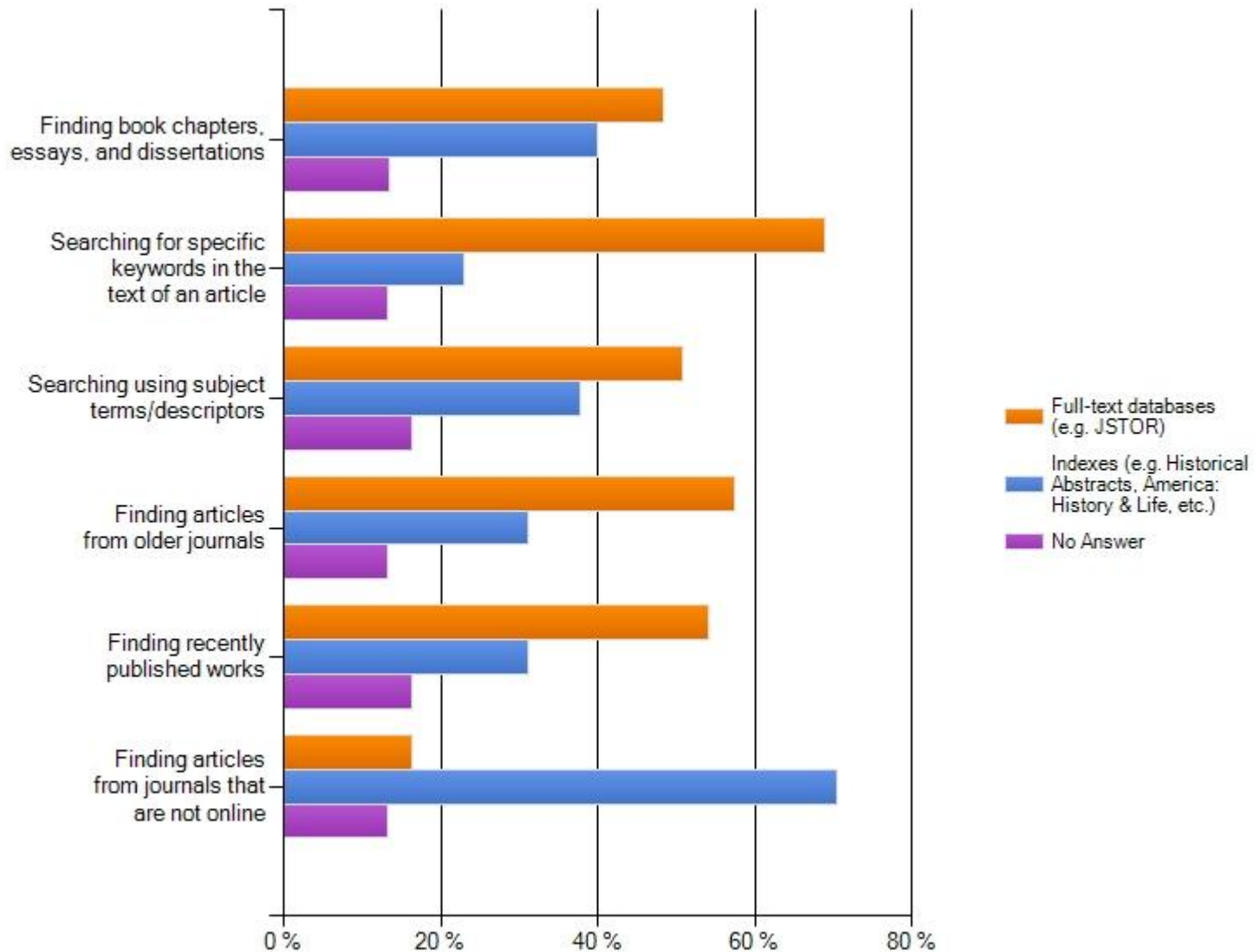
Pre-Test



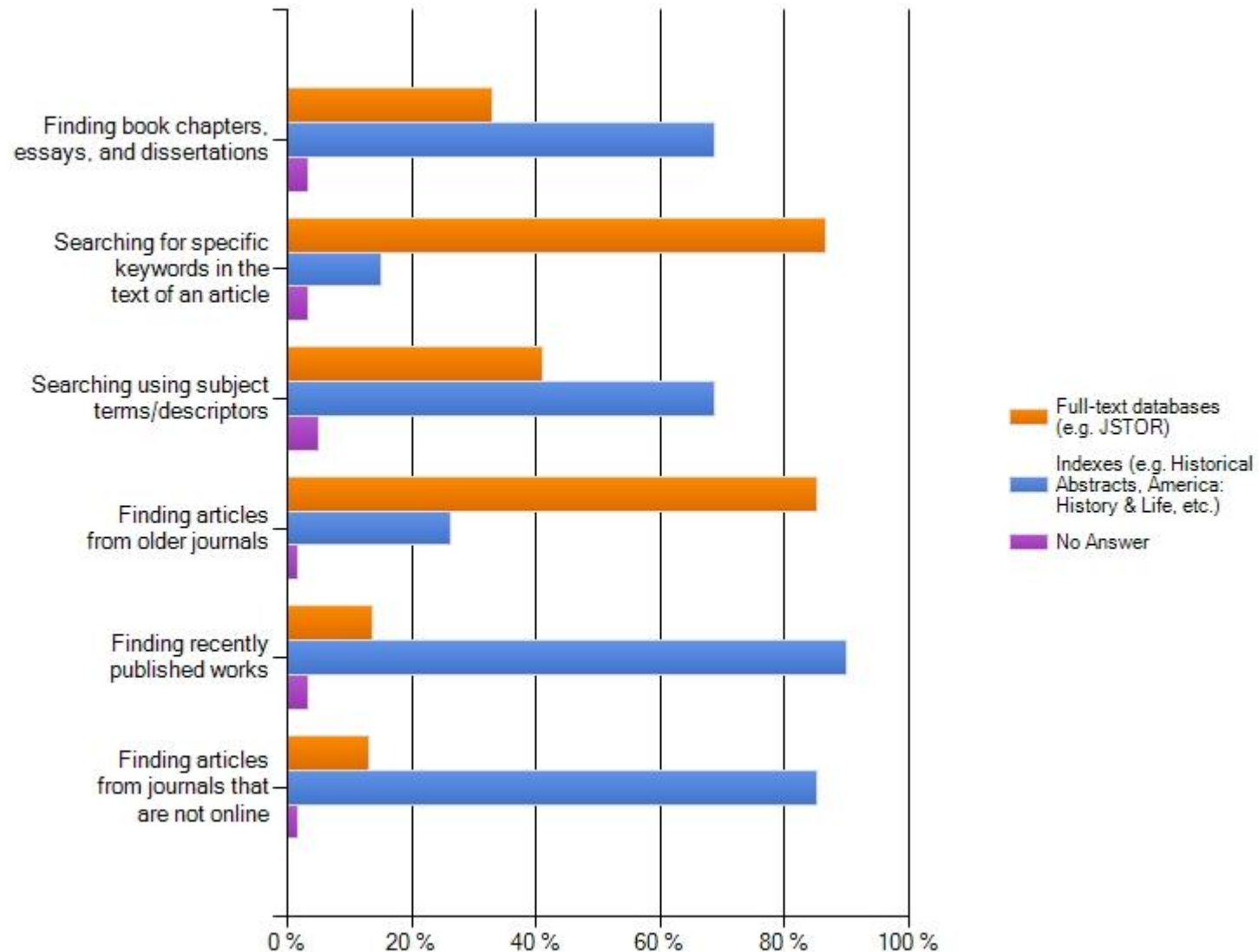
Post-Test



Which Library research tool is best for: (Pre-test)



Which Library research tool is best for: (Post-test)



Revising the Assessment Tool

- Several librarians volunteered to use the assessment instrument for their instruction programs
- More revisions:
 - Enhanced instructions
 - Clarified language
 - Caught typographical errors
 - Removed redundant or unnecessary information
- Result: An adaptable, standard assessment instrument



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If you are not familiar with the resources listed, please complete to the best of your ability.

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Goals for the Future

- Encourage broad use of the instrument within the Library
- Utilize assessment data to compare instruction programs for different courses and user groups
- Identify research trouble-spots and alter our instruction as needed



Challenges for Implementation



- Focuses on secondary source research
- Appropriateness for different teaching styles
- Fears over “teaching to the test”
- Limited class time
- Reluctance to be evaluated

Next Steps

- Instrument available for staff use on our library instruction wiki
- “Train the Trainer” program this summer for library staff on using the instrument in instruction programs
- Continue to make alterations based on staff feedback and user needs
- Encourage use of the instrument and demonstrate benefits of assessing our instruction





Thank you!

Questions or comments?

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